Receipting – Refunds

Court's Accounting Manual Section 02-15.00

Last Revised: 11/7/2016

Refunds

Policy:

- 1. As quoted from the <u>June 20, 2016</u> legal opinion: "Courts should only refund filing fees if the court made the mistake that caused the erroneous filing and fees should not be refunded if the filer made the mistake."
- 2. Once a fine payment has been receipted it shall not be returned to the payor. *Exception to policy:* Only if the payor has determined the cash/check/card was receipted in error (e.g. defendant decided to attend traffic school) and the business day has not closed, could the transaction be voided and monies returned to the payor.
- 3. Refunds for overpayments under \$10 shall be released if requested by the payer.
- 4. Transcript/tape refunds or other miscellaneous receipts may be refunded when appropriate.
- 5. Refund of fine/bail previously receipted and reported as revenue to the state, shall be refunded only if ordered by the judge. A refund of fine shall be issued only by trust check according to policy.
- 6. Revenue refunds that require a transfer from the AOC Finance Department, require a copy of the judicial order at the time of the request.
- 7. Prior to initiating a refund (of an amount paid by check) ensure the payment has been deposited for at least 21 calendar days before proceeding.
- 8. Credit card *refunds* are not governed by the 45 calendar day hold (trust check requirement) **as it is going back to the payer**. For full and partial refunds of payments made by credit card, refer to Section 03-04.01 Void or Refund Credit Card Payments.

Procedure:

Responsibility Action

Appellate/District/Juvenile Court Accountant/Designee

- 1. When necessary to return funds prior to the close of the business day the following should be observed:
 - i. A supervisor/designee, should witness the reversal and the cash/check returned to the payor before approving the transaction.
 - ii. If a receipt had been issued, it should be collected from the payor.

- iii. A credit card should be 'voided' before the transaction reversed in CARE/CORIS.
- 2. The court may reverse a payment and re-enter if the payment was improperly posted within 10 days of receipt.
- 3. The CORIS transfer feature shall be used to transfer money from revenue into trust so a check can be issued.
- 4. Only when the physical transfer of money can not be done in the deposit shall the court request a transfer from the AOC Finance Department.
- 5. When monies need to be refunded in excess of \$500 that affect the District's current expense budget the court shall request the monies be refunded through a GAX FINET document.